

Zero function

Purpose

Zero function is provided:

- to help the operator identify a very small fluctuation of the helium signal out of the ambient background,
- to enlarge visually small fluctuations of the helium signal on the analog display.

The zero function could be activated:

- by the operator,
- in automatic.



It's advised to use this function when helium background signal is low.

Activate the zero function


Reminder ? Operating principle of the control panel C 20



Press the key



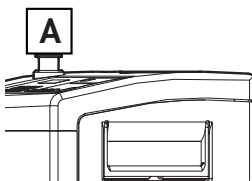
activated

The process of the zero function is the same whatever the activation mode (operator or automatic). The only difference is when the background suppression activation is automatic: the operator does not need to press .

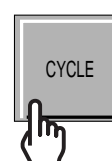
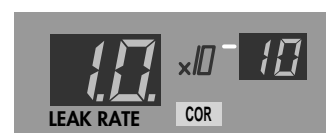
In order to illustrate the zero function process, the following example with an ASM 182 TD+ has been given:

1. test of a part or installation **A**
2. test at once of **A** and an additional second part **B** which is a 5×10^{-8} mbar.l/s calibrated leak.
3. background suppression activation: operator.

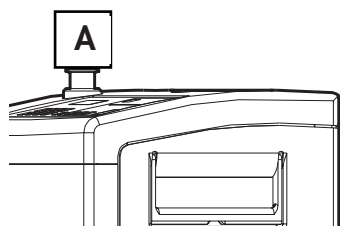
- Connect **A** to be tested to the inlet of the leak detector.



- Leak detector helium back-ground is displayed on the digital display.

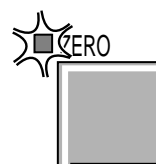
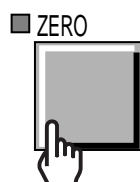


Zero function

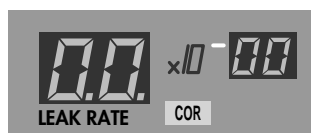


Ex: ASM 182 TD+

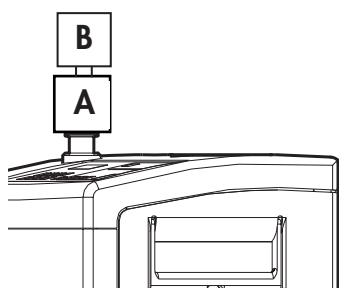
■ The **A** leak value is displayed on the digital display.



The digital display becomes 0.0E-00, as if there is zero background (1.0E-07 is considered as helium background of **A**).



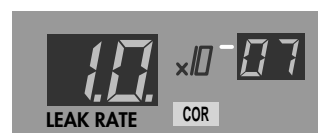
Note: If the background of **A** decreases after the Zero function has been activated, the substratum is automatically recalculated so that the displayed corrected helium signal is never below zero.



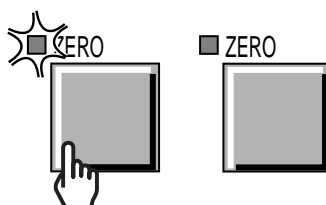
At this point, if **B** is connected to **A** already tested, the helium signal displayed on the digital display will be **B** leak value.



Note: If instead of connecting **B** to **A**, user sprays **A** with Helium, the helium signal displayed on the digital display will correspond to the helium entering the part **A** through any leak present.



Deactivate the zero function





The digital display becomes 1.5E-07 which is the leak value of the assembly **A + B**.





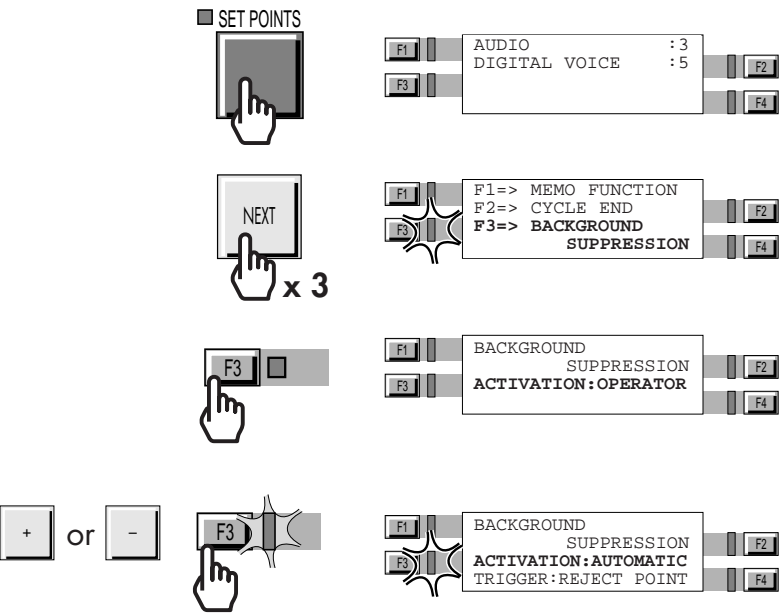
Zero function

Access authorization  Do you have access to this operation/function?  C 30

Background suppression activation

Reminder  Operating principle of the control panel  C 20

 Press the key  activated



Zero function

Trigger

If Activation is activated (automatic), user should adjust the trigger parameter.

The trigger parameter corresponds to the value at which the zero function is selected.

(= press  if activation = operator)

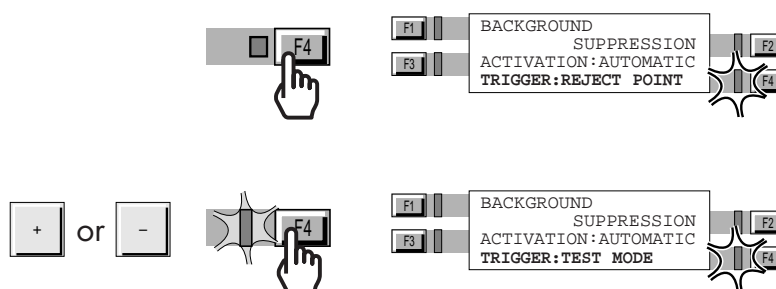
2 values are possible:

- reject point value

The zero starts at an helium signal value equal to 5 times of the reject point.

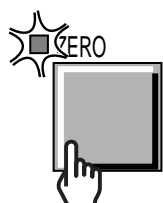
- test mode:

	Gross leak test mode	Normal test mode	High sensitivity test mode
ASM 182 TD+	Inlet pressure < 6 mbar	—	Inlet pressure < 2×10^{-2} mbar
ASM 192 T2D+	Inlet pressure < 30 mbar	Inlet pressure < 3 mbar	Inlet pressure < 2×10^{-2} mbar

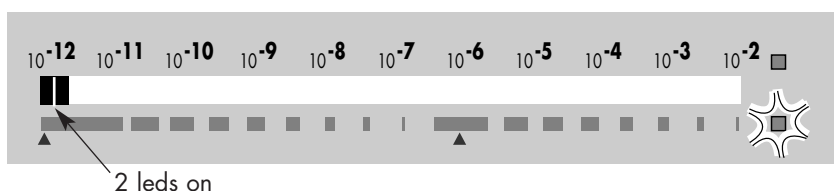


Zero function

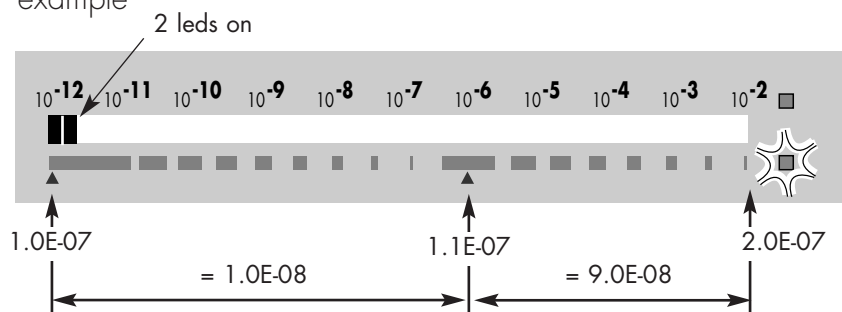
Analog display on control panel



When the zero function is activated, use the helium signal zero scale: 2 leds are ON at the left on the scale.



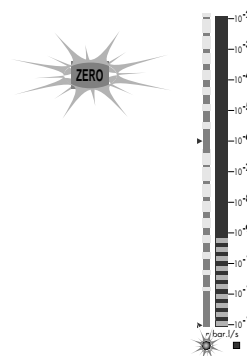
Example: Helium signal zero scale displayed with the previous example



Analog display on remote control

When the zero function is activated, the zero scale indication is ON (left scale active).

The zero indication is ON also.



Zero function & Bargraph zoom

When bargraph zoom on the reject point and zero functions are ON at the same time, the operator must read measured leak values as follow:

■ digital display:

The leak value displayed is the value corrected with zero function.

■ analog display:

Use the helium signal zero scale. The analog display is the actual bargraph zoom (see above).

Bargraph zoom **C 90**